(d) Travel expenses related to attendance at a conference.

## § 301-71.203 Who is responsible for the validity of the travel claim?

The certifying officer assumes ultimate responsibility under 31 U.S.C. 3528 for the validity of the claim; however:

- (a) The traveler must ensure all travel expenses are prudent and necessary and submit the expenses in the form of a proper claim;
- (b) The authorizing/approving official shall review the completed claim to ensure that the claim is properly prepared in accordance with regulations and agency procedures prior to authorizing it for payment.

NOTE TO \$301-71.203: You should consider limiting the levels of approval to the lowest level of management.

#### §301-71.204 When must we pay a travel claim?

You must pay a travel claim as soon as practical after submission of a proper travel claim.

# § 301-71.205 Under what circumstances may we disallow a claim for an expense?

If the employee:

- (a) Does not properly itemize his/her expenses;
- (b) Does not provide required receipts or other documentation to support the claim; or
- (c) Claims an expense which is not authorized.

#### §301-71.206 What must we do if we disallow a travel claim?

You must:

- (a) Pay the employee the amount of the travel claim which is not in dispute;
- (b) Notify the employee that the claim was disallowed with a detailed explanation of why; and
- (c) Tell the employee how to appeal the disallowance if he/she desires an appeal, and your process and schedule for deciding the appeal.

# § 301-71.207 What internal policies and procedures must we establish for travel reimbursement?

You must establish policies and procedures governing:

- (a) Who are the proper officials to review, approve, and certify travel claims (including travel claims requiring special authorization);
- (b) How an employee should submit a travel claim (including whether to use a standard form or an agency form and whether the form should be written or electronic);
- (c) When you will exempt employees from the requirement for a receipt;
- (d) Timeframes for employee to submit a claim (see § 301–52.7);
- (e) Timeframe for agency to pay a claim (see § 301-71.204);
- (f) Process for disallowing a claim; and
- (g) Process for resolving a disallowed claim.

## Subpart D—Accounting for Travel Advances

## §301-71.300 What is the policy governing the use of travel advances?

You should minimize the use of cash travel advances. However, you should not require an employee to pay travel expenses using personal funds unless the employee has elected not to use alternative resources provided by the Government, such as a Government contractor-issued charge card.

### § 301-71.301 For how long may we issue a travel advance?

You may issue a travel advance for a reasonable period not to exceed 45 days.

#### § 301-71.302 What data must we capture in our travel advance accounting system?

You must capture the following data:
(a) The name and social security
number of each employee who has an
advance;

- (b) The amount of the advance;
- (c) The date of issuance; and
- (d) The date of reconciliation for unused portions of travel advances.

[63 FR 15974, Apr.1, 1998; 63 FR 35538, June 30, 1998]

# § 301-71.303 Are we responsible for ensuring the collection of outstanding travel advances?

Yes.